GO MATH!

Chapter 5 - 2-Digit Subtraction

Chapter Essential Question:

How do you use place value to subtract 2-digit numbers with and without regrouping?

Chapter Vocabulary:

difference – the answer in a subtraction problem

regroup – an action that involves changing a number from one form to an equivalent form

tens – the value of a digit in the tens position on a place value chart; 1 ten = 10 ones

ones – the value of a digit in the ones position on a place value chart

digits – the symbols used in a numeration system; the ten digits are 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8, and 9.

What should you know?

Break Apart Ones to Subtract

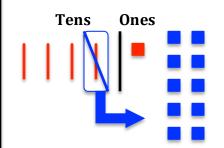
*Subtract 5 from 55 to get 50, then subtract the remaining 3 to get 47.

Break Apart Numbers to Subtract

*Subtract 10 from 43 to get 33. Then subtract 3 from 33 to get 30. Then subtract the remaining 5 to get 25.

Model Regrouping for Subtraction

Subtract 13 from 41.



*You cannot take 3 ones away from 1 one, so you must move a ten over to the ones column first.

NOW you can subtract 13.

First, subtract 3 ones, then subtract 1 ten. You'll be left with 2 tens and 8 ones. So, your answer will be 28.

2-Digit Subtraction

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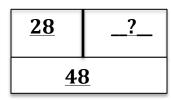
Rewrite 2-Digit Subtraction

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Solve word problems involving subtraction with one or more steps.

Carl had a box of 46 craft sticks. He used 28 craft sticks to make a sail boat. How many craft sticks were not used?



Liza read 43 pages in her book. Joe read 32 pages in his book. How many more pages did Liza read than Joe?

Shelby had 32 rocks. She finds 33 more rocks at the park and gives 28 rocks to George. How many rocks does she have now?

$$32 + 33 = \underline{65}$$