

Chapter 18

The Muslim World Expands

(SS.912.W.3.4-6)

Section 1

The Ottomans Build a Vast Empire

Turks Move into Byzantium

- Ghazis – warriors for _____
 - Raided territory of the “_____” (unbelievers)
- _____ – followers of Osman
 - Built a small _____ state in Anatolia
 - Successors expanded; use of _____
- Orkhan I – _____ (overlord)
 - Treated conquered people _____
 - Ruled through _____ officials
 - Non-Muslims did not have to serve in the _____ but had to pay a _____

Powerful Sultans

- Mehmed I defeated his 3 brothers
- Murad II expands empire
- Mehmed II took _____, rebuilt it
 - Now known as _____
- Selim the _____ defeated the Safavids of Persia at the Battle of Chaldiran
 - Swept through Syria, _____, & into N. Africa
 - Captured _____, Medina, & Cairo

Suleyman the Lawgiver

- Dominated the Eastern Mediterranean
 - Belgrade, Rhodes, & Tripoli
- Advanced into Hungary & Austria
- _____ Code (Criminal & Civil)
- Simplified _____, reduced bureaucracy
- Conquered, _____, & trained captured boys
- Janissaries – soldiers loyal to the _____
- Freedom of _____
- _____ of Suleyman
- Weak line of sultans led to decline
 - Eliminated _____

Sec. 2 The Safavids

- Aligned with the _____ branch of Islam
- Isma'il seized most of _____
 - Took title of “_____”
 - Killed those who would not _____ to Shi'ism
- Battle of _____ – Ottomans led by Selim the Grim defeated the Safavids

Safavid Golden Age

- Shah _____ reformed the military & government
 - Hired foreigners
 - Tolerant of other religions – _____ grew
- Persian carpets

Sec. 3 The Mughal Empire in India (SS.912.W.3.4)

- Mughals – descendants of Muslim Turks and Afghans
- _____ led Mughals into India
- Akbar ruled with wisdom & _____
 - Turned enemies into allies
 - Permitted other _____
 - Married a _____ princess
 - Fair and affordable tax
 - _____ – mix of Persian & local language

Akbar's Successors

- Jahangir promoted _____
 - His son rebelled, turned to _____
 - Led to more turmoil between Hindus & Muslims
- Shah Jahan killed his rivals
 - Built the _____
- Aurangzeb enforced Islamic laws
 - Taxed non-Muslims; dismissed Hindus from high positions

The Empire's Decline

- Power of the _____ state weakened & power of the local lords grew
- _____ traders built their own power
- Aurangzeb let them have the port of _____

Standards Covered

- SS.912.W.3.4 – Describe the expansion of Islam into India and the relationship between Muslims and Hindus
- SS.912.W.3.5 – Describe the achievements, contributions, and key figure associated with the Islamic Golden Age
- SS.912.W.3.6 – Describe key economic, political, and social developments in Islamic History