

# CTE TODAY!



#### What is Career and Technical Education?

- Encompasses 94 percent of high school students and 12 million postsecondary students<sup>1</sup>
- Includes high schools, career centers, community and technical colleges, four-year universities and more
- Educates students for a range of career options through 16 Career Clusters® and 79+ pathways
- Integrates with academics in a rigorous and relevant curriculum
- Features high school and postsecondary partnerships, enabling clear pathways to certifications and degrees
- Fulfills employer needs in high-skill, high-wage, high-demand areas
- Prepares students to be college- and career-ready by providing core academic skills, employability skills and technical, job-specific skills

## **CTE Works for High School Students**

High school students involved in CTE are more engaged, perform better and graduate at higher rates.

- 81 percent of dropouts say relevant, real-world learning opportunities would have kept them in high school.<sup>2</sup>
- The average high school graduation rate for students concentrating in CTE programs is 90.18 percent, compared to an average national freshman graduation rate of 74.9 percent.<sup>3</sup>
- More than 70 percent of secondary CTE concentrators pursued postsecondary education shortly after high school.<sup>4</sup>

## **CTE Works for College Students and Adults**

Postsecondary CTE fosters postsecondary completion and prepares students and adults for in-demand careers.

- 4 out of 5 secondary CTE graduates who pursued postsecondary education after high school had earned a credential or were still enrolled two years later.<sup>5</sup>
- A person with a CTE-related associate degree or credential will earn on average between \$4,000 and \$19,000 more a year than a person with a humanities associate degree.<sup>6</sup>
- 27 percent of people with less than an associate degree, including licenses and certificates, earn more than the average bachelor degree recipient.<sup>7</sup>

Today's cutting-edge, rigorous and relevant career and technical education (CTE) prepares youth and adults for a wide range of high-wage, high-skill, high-demand careers.

## **CTE Works for the Economy**

Investing in CTE yields big returns for state economies.

- In Connecticut, every public dollar invested in Connecticut community colleges returns \$16.40 over the course of students' careers. That state's economy receives \$5 billion annually in income from this investment.<sup>8</sup>
- In Washington, for every dollar invested in secondary CTE programs, the state earns \$9 in revenues and benefits.<sup>9</sup>
- In Tennessee, CTE returns \$2 for every \$1 invested. At the secondary level, CTE program completers account for more than \$13 million in annual tax revenues.<sup>10</sup>

#### **CTE Works for Business**

CTE addresses the needs of high-growth industries and helps close the skills gap.

- The skilled trades are the hardest jobs to fill in the United States, with recent data citing 645,000 jobs open in the trade, transportation and utilities sector and 253,000 jobs open in manufacturing.<sup>11</sup>
- Health care occupations, many of which require an associate degree or less, make up 8 of the 20 fastest growing occupations.<sup>12</sup>
- STEM occupations such as environmental engineering and science technicians require an associate degree and will experience faster than average job growth.<sup>13</sup>
- Middle-skill jobs, jobs that require education and training beyond high school but less than a bachelor degree, are a significant part of the economy. Of the 46.8 million job openings created by 2018, 30 percent will require some college or a two-year associate degree.<sup>14</sup>

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#### **Endnotes**

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