## 11 Angles

## Show What You Know

Check your understanding of important skills.
Name $\qquad$
Use a Metric Ruler Use a centimeter ruler to measure. Find the length in centimeters.
1.

$\qquad$ centimeters
2.

$\qquad$ centimeters

Classify Angles Classify the angle. Write acute, right, or obtuse.
3.

4.

5.


Parts of a Whole Write a fraction for each shaded part.
6.

7.

8.

9.


The Sunshine Skyway Bridge crosses over Tampa Bay, Florida. Bridges and other building structures can model geometric figures. Be a Math Detective and investigate the bridge. Describe the geometric figures you see. Then classify the labeled angles and triangle.

## Vocabulary Builder

## Visualize It

## Complete the Bubble Map using review words.

## Review Words


acute
circle
obtuse
ray
right
straight
vertex

## Preview Words

clockwise
counterclockwise
degree ( ${ }^{\circ}$ )
protractor

## Understand Vocabulary

## Draw a line to match each word with its definition.

1. protractor
2. degree $\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$
3. clockwise
4. counterclockwise

- In the same direction in which the hands of a clock move
- In the opposite direction in which the hands of a clock move
- A tool for measuring the size of an angle
- The unit used for measuring angles
$\qquad$


## Angles and Fractional Parts of a Circle

Essential Question How can you relate angles and fractional parts
of a circle?

## Investigate

Materials $■$ fraction circles
A. Place a $\frac{1}{12}$ piece on the circle. Place the tip of the fraction piece on the center of the circle. Trace the fraction piece.

What figure is formed by the fraction piece? $\qquad$
What parts of the fraction piece represent the rays of the angle? $\qquad$
On what part of the circle is the vertex of the angle?

B. Shade the angle formed by the $\frac{1}{12}$ piece. Label it $\frac{1}{12}$.
C. Place the $\frac{1}{12}$ piece back on the shaded angle. Turn it counterclockwise.
Counterclockwise is the direction opposite from the way the hands move on a clock.

Trace the fraction piece in its new position. How many twelfths have you traced in all? $\qquad$ Label $\frac{2}{12}$.
D. Turn the fraction piece counterclockwise again and trace it. Label the total number of twelfths.

Continue until you reach the shaded angle.


What figure is formed by turning and tracing the fraction piece? $\qquad$
How many times did you need to turn the $\frac{1}{12}$ piece to make a circle? $\qquad$
How many angles come together in the center of the circle?

## Draw Conclusions

1. Compare the size of the angle formed by a $\frac{1}{4}$ piece and the size of the angle formed by a $\frac{1}{12}$ piece. Use a $\frac{1}{4}$ piece and your model on page 417 to help.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. H.O.T. Synthesize Describe the relationship between the size of the fraction piece and the number of turns it takes to make a circle.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Make Connections

You can relate fractions and angles to the hands of a clock.
Let the hands of the clock represent the rays of an angle. Each 5-minute mark represents a $\frac{1}{12}$ turn clockwise.



15 minutes elapse.
The minute hand makes a
$\qquad$ turn clockwise.

45 minutes elapse.
The minute hand makes a turn clockwise.

$\qquad$


30 minutes elapse. The minute hand makes a
$\qquad$ turn clockwise.


60 minutes elapse.
The minute hand makes a

MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES


Explain how an angle formed in a circle using a $\frac{1}{4}$ fraction piece is like a $\frac{1}{4}$ turn and 15 minutes elapsing on a clock. .
$\qquad$ turn clockwise.
$\qquad$

## Share and Show

Tell what fraction of the circle the shaded angle represents.
1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.


Tell whether the angle on the circle shows a $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}$, or 1 full turn clockwise or counterclockwise.
7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

O12.

13. H.O.T. Susan watched the game from 1 P.M. to 1:30 P.M. Describe the turn the minute hand made.

14. Write Math Compare the angles in Exercises 1 and 5.

Does the position of the angle affect the size of the angle? Explain.

## Problem Solving

## H.O.T. Sense or Nonsense?

15. Whose statement makes sense? Whose statement is nonsense? Explain your reasoning.


The shaded angle represents $\frac{1}{4}$ of the circle.

Carla's Statement
Adam's Statement
The shaded angle represents $\frac{3}{8}$ of the circle.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

- For the statement that is nonsense, write a statement that makes sense.
$\qquad$
- What is another way to describe the size of the angle? Explain.
$\qquad$


## Degrees

Essential Question How are degrees related to fractional parts
of a circle?

CONNECT You can use what you know about angles and fractional parts of a circle to understand angle measurement. Angles are measured in units called degrees. Think of a circle divided into 360 equal parts. An angle that turns through $\frac{1}{360}$ of the circle measures 1 degree.

## Math Idea

The symbol for degrees is ${ }^{\circ}$.


## UNLOCK the Problem REAL wORLD

The angle between two spokes on the bicycle wheel turns through $\frac{10}{360}$ of a circle. What is the measure of the angle between the spokes?

- What part of an angle does a spoke represent?

P Example 1 Use fractional parts to find the angle measure.

$\qquad$

Each $\frac{1}{360}$ turn measures $\qquad$ degree.

Ten $\frac{1}{360}$ turns measure $\qquad$ degrees.

So, the measure of the angle between the spokes is $\qquad$ .


- The Penny Farthing bicycle was built in the 1800 s.


## 1 Example 2 find the measure of a right angle.



Think: Through what fraction of a circle
does a right angle turn? $\qquad$

STEP 1 Write $\frac{1}{4}$ as an equivalent fraction with 360 in the denominator.
$\frac{1}{4}=\frac{}{360}$
Think: $4 \times 9=36$, so $4 \times$ $\qquad$ $=360$.

STEP 2 Write $\frac{90}{360}$ in degrees.

Remember
To write an equivalent fraction, multiply the numerator and denominator by the same factor.

An angle that turns through $\frac{1}{360}$ of a circle measures $\qquad$ .

An angle that turns through $\frac{90}{360}$ of a circle measures $\qquad$ .

So, a right angle measures $\qquad$ .

## Try This! Find the measure of a straight angle.

Through what fraction of a circle does a straight angle turn?
Write $\frac{1}{2}$ as an equivalent fraction with 360 in the denominator.


$$
\frac{1}{2}=\frac{}{360}
$$

Think: $2 \times 18=36$, so $2 \times$ $\qquad$ $=360$.

So, a straight angle measures $\qquad$ .

1. How can you describe the measure of an acute angle in degrees?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. How can you describe the measure of an obtuse angle in degrees?
$\qquad$

Name $\qquad$

## Share and Show

1. Find the measure of the angle.

Through what fraction of a circle does the angle turn? $\qquad$

$$
\frac{1}{3}=\frac{}{360} \quad \text { Think: } 3 \times 12=36 \text {, so } 3 \times \square=360
$$

So, the measure of the angle is $\qquad$ .

Tell the measure of the angle in degrees.
© 2

$\qquad$
$\bigcirc 3$.


MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES
On Your Own
Tell the measure of the angle in degrees. $60^{\circ}$, through what fraction of a circle does it turn? Explain.
4.

5.


Classify the angle. Write acute, obtuse, right, or straight.
6.

7.

8.


Classify the triangle. Write acute, obtuse, or right.

12.


## UNLOCK the Problem REAL wORLD

13. Ava started reading at $3: 30$ P.M. She stopped for a snack at $4: 15$ P.M. During this time, through what fraction of a circle did the minute hand turn? How many degrees did the minute hand turn?

a. What are you asked to find? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. What information can you use to find the fraction of a circle through which the minute hand turned?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
c. How can you use the fraction of a circle through which the minute hand turned to find how many degrees it turned?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
d. Show the steps to solve the problem.

STEP $1 \frac{3 \times}{4 \times}=\frac{?}{360}$

STEP $2 \frac{3 \times 90}{4 \times 90}=\frac{}{360}$
14. Write Math Is this angle measure obtuse? Explain.

e. Complete the sentences.

From 3:30 P.M. to $4: 15$ P.M., the minute hand made a $\qquad$ turn clockwise.

The minute hand turned $\qquad$ degrees.
15. Test Prep How many degrees are in an angle that turns through $\frac{2}{4}$ of a circle?
(A) $90^{\circ}$
(B) $180^{\circ}$
(C) $270^{\circ}$
(D) $360^{\circ}$
$\qquad$

## Measure and Draw Angles

Essential Question How can you use a protractor to measure and draw angles?

## UNLOCK the Problem REAL wORLD

Emma wants to make a clay sculpture of her daughter as she appears in the photo from her dance recital. How can she measure $\angle D C E$, or the angle formed by her daughter's arms?

A protractor is a tool for measuring the size of an angle.

## (1) Activity Measure $\angle D C E$ using a protractor. <br> Materials $■$ protractor

STEP 1 Place the center point of the protractor on vertex $C$ of the angle.


STEP 2 Align the $0^{\circ}$ mark on the scale of the protractor with ray $C E$.


STEP 3 Find where ray $C D$ intersects the same scale. Read the angle measure on that scale. Extend the ray if you need to.

Read the $\mathrm{m} \angle D C E$ as the
The $\mathrm{m} \angle D C E=$ $\qquad$ . "measure of angle $D C E$ ".

So, the angle formed by Emma's daughter's
 arms is $\qquad$ . protractor when measuring? Explain.

Draw Angles You can also use a protractor to draw an angle of a given measure.

## १. Activity Draw $\angle K L M$ with a measure of $82^{\circ}$. <br> Materials $=$ protractor

STEP 1 Use the straight edge of the protractor to draw and label ray LM.

STEP 2 Place the center point of the protractor on point $L$. Align ray $L M$ with the $0^{\circ}$ mark on the protractor.

STEP 3 Using the same scale, mark a point at $82^{\circ}$. Label the point $K$.

STEP 4 Use the straight edge of the protractor to draw ray $L K$.

## Share and Show <br> MATH <br> BOARD

1. Measure $\angle A B C$.

Place the center of the protractor on point $\qquad$ .

Align ray $B C$ with $\qquad$ .

Read where $\qquad$ intersects the same scale.

So, the $\mathrm{m} \angle A B C$ is $\qquad$ .

Use a protractor to find the angle measure.
2.

$\mathrm{m} \angle O N M=$ $\qquad$
© 3.

$\mathrm{m} \angle T S R=$ $\qquad$

Use a protractor to draw the angle.
4. $170^{\circ}$
© $5.78^{\circ}$

MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES
Math Talk
Describe how drawing and measuring angles are similar.

Name $\qquad$

## On Your Own

Use a protractor to find the angle measure.
6.


$$
\mathrm{m} \angle Q R S=
$$

7. 


$\mathrm{m} \angle X Y Z=$ $\qquad$

Use a protractor to draw the angle.
8. $115^{\circ}$
9. $67^{\circ}$

Draw an example of each. Label the angle with its measure.
10. an acute angle
11. an obtuse angle
12. a straight angle
13. a right angle
14. Wescribe your drawing.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Problem Solving REAL WORLD

15. Mrs. Murphy is building a wheelchair ramp outside her business. The angle of the ramp should be $5^{\circ}$. Draw a picture in the space to the right to show a model of the ramp.
16. H.O.T. What's the Error? Tracy measured an angle as $50^{\circ}$ that was actually $130^{\circ}$. Explain her error.
17. Test Prep What is the measure of $\angle Q R S$ ?
(A) $35^{\circ}$
(B) $45^{\circ}$
(C) $135^{\circ}$
(D) $155^{\circ}$

MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Connect to Science

## Earth's Axis

Earth revolves around the sun yearly. The Northern Hemisphere is the half of Earth that is north of the equator. The seasons of the year are due to the tilt of Earth's axis.

Use the diagrams and a protractor for 18-20.
18. In the Northern Hemisphere, Earth's axis is tilted away from the sun on the first day of winter, which is often on December 21. What is the measure of the marked angle on the first day of winter, the shortest day of the year?
$\qquad$
19. Earth's axis is not tilted away from or toward the sun on the first days of spring and fall, which are often on March 20 and September 22. What is the measure of the marked angle on the first day of spring or fall?
20. In the Northern Hemisphere, Earth's axis is tilted toward the sun on the first day of summer, which is often on June 21. What is the measure of the marked angle on the first day of summer, the longest day of the year?

## Northern Hemisphere



Name $\qquad$

## Mid-Chapter Checkpoint

## Vocabulary

2. 

Choose the best term from the box.

1. The unit used to measure an angle is called
a $\qquad$ (p. 421)
$\qquad$ is the opposite of the

Vocabulary
clockwise
counterclockwise
degree $\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$
protractor
direction in which the hands of a clock move. (p. 417)
3. A $\qquad$ is a tool for measuring the size
of an angle. (p. 425)

## Concepts and Skills

Tell whether the angle on the circle shows a $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}$, or 1 full turn clockwise or counterclockwise.
4.

5.

6.

7.


Tell the measure of the angle in degrees.
8.

9.


Use a protractor to draw the angle.

$$
\text { 10. } 75^{\circ}
$$

Fill in the bubble completely to show your answer.
12. Phillip watched a beach volleyball game from $1: 45$ P.M. to 2:00 P.M. How many degrees did the minute hand turn?

(A) $90^{\circ}$
(B) $180^{\circ}$
(C) $270^{\circ}$
(D) $360^{\circ}$
13. Which piece of pie forms a $180^{\circ}$ angle?
(A)

(C)

(B)

(D)

14. Which best describes the $\mathrm{m} \angle C B T$ ? Use a protractor to help you.

(A) acute; $58^{\circ}$
(C) obtuse; $62^{\circ}$
(B) acute; $62^{\circ}$
(D) obtuse; $118^{\circ}$
$\qquad$

## Join and Separate Angles

Essential Question How can you determine the measure of an angle separated into parts?

## Investigate

Materials $■$ construction paper $■$ scissors $■$ protractor
A. Use construction paper. Draw an angle that measures exactly $70^{\circ}$. Label it $\angle A B C$.
B. Cut out $\angle A B C$.
C. Separate $\angle A B C$ by cutting it into two parts.

Begin cutting at the vertex and cut between the rays.

What figures did you form? $\qquad$
D. Use a protractor to measure the two angles you formed.

Record the measures. $\qquad$
E. Find the sum of the angles you formed.
$\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ part + part $=$ whole
F. Join the two angles. Compare the $\mathrm{m} \angle A B C$ to the sum of the measures of its parts. Explain how they compare.

## Math Idea

You can think of $\angle A B C$ as the whole and the two angles you formed as the parts of the whole.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Draw Conclusions

1. What if you cut $\angle A B C$ into two different angles? What can you conclude about the sum of the measures of these two angles? Explain.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. H.O.I. Seth cut $\angle A B C$ into 3 parts. Draw a model that shows two different ways he could have separated his angle.
3. Generalize Write a sentence that compares the measure of an angle to the sum of its parts.

## Make Connections

Materials $\quad$ - protractor
You can write the measure of the angles shown in a circle as a sum.

STEP 1 Use a protractor to find the measure of each angle.
STEP 2 Label each angle with its measure.


- 2 labe

MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES
STEP 3 Write the sum of the angle measures as an equation.
$\qquad$ the words whole and part.
$\qquad$

## Share and Show

Add to find the measure of the angle. Write an equation to record your work.
1.

© 2.

$\mathrm{m} \angle J K L=$ $\qquad$
3.

$\mathrm{m} \angle R H S=$ $\qquad$

Use a protractor to find the measure of each angle. Label each angle with its measure. Write the sum of the angle measures as an equation.
$\bigcirc 4$.

5.

6.
H. Mor. Write Math

Look back at Exercise 1. Suppose you joined an angle measuring $10^{\circ}$ to $\angle P Q T$. Describe and draw the new angle. Include all three parts in your drawing and description.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## UNLOCK the Problem REAL wORLD

7. Stephanie, Kay, and Shane each ate an equal-sized piece of a pizza. The measure of the angle of each piece was $45^{\circ}$. When the pieces were together, what is the measure of the angle they formed?
(A) $90^{\circ}$
(B) $135^{\circ}$
(C) $180^{\circ}$
(D) $225^{\circ}$
a. What are you asked to find? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. What information do you need to use? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
c. Tell how you can use addition to solve the problem.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
d. Fill in the bubble for the correct answer choice above.
8. H .0 .7 . W at is the $\mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{QRT}$ ?

(A) $20^{\circ}$
(B) $150^{\circ}$
(C) $160^{\circ}$
(D) $180^{\circ}$
9. Which equation can you use to find the $\mathrm{m} \angle X Z W$ ?

(A) $71^{\circ}-42^{\circ}=$
(B) $71^{\circ}+42^{\circ}=$
(C) $71^{\circ} \times 42^{\circ}=$
(D) $180^{\circ}-113^{\circ}=$

## Problem Solving • Unknown Angle Measures

Essential Question How can you use the strategy draw a diagram to solve angle measurement problems?

## UNLOCK the Problem REAL WORLD

Mr. Tran is cutting a piece of kitchen tile as shown at the right. He needs tiles with $45^{\circ}$ angles to make a design. After the cut, what is the angle measure of the part left over? Can Mr. Tran use both pieces in the design?

Use the graphic organizer below to solve the problem.


| Read the Problem <br> What do I need to find? |  | What information do I <br> need to use? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I need to find | How will I use the <br> information? |  |
| I can use the measures of <br> the angles I know. | I can draw a bar model and <br> use the information to |  |

Solve the Problem
I can draw a bar model to represent the problem.
Then I can write an equation to solve the problem.

$\mathrm{m} \angle A B D+\mathrm{m} \angle C B D=\mathrm{m} \angle A B C$

$$
\begin{aligned}
x+\ldots & = \\
x & =
\end{aligned}
$$

## Math Talk

What other equation can you write to solve the problem? Explain.

The $\mathrm{m} \angle A B D=$ $\qquad$ .

Since both tiles measure $\qquad$ Mr. Tran can use both pieces in the design.

## 1 Try Another Problem

Marisol is building a frame for a sandbox, but the boards she has are too short. She must join two boards together to build a side as shown. At what angle did she cut the first board?


| Read the Problem |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| What do I need to find? | What information do I <br> need to use? | How will I use the <br> information? |

## Solve the Problem

- Explain how you can check the answer to the problem.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Share and Show

1. Laura cuts a square out of scrap paper as shown. What is the angle measure of the piece left over?

First, draw a bar model to represent the problem.


Next, write the equation you need to solve.

Last, find the angle measure of the piece left over.
The $\mathrm{m} \angle M N Q=$ $\qquad$ .
So, the angle measure of the piece left over is $\qquad$ .
2. H.O.I. What if Laura cut a smaller square as shown? Would the $\mathrm{m} \angle M N Q$ be different? Explain.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

4. H.O.I.'s The map shows Marco's paper route. When Marco turns right onto Center Street from Main Street, what degree turn does he make? Hint: Draw a dashed line to extend Oak Street to form a $180^{\circ}$ angle.
3. Jackie trimmed a piece of scrap metal to make a straight edge as shown. What is the measure of the piece she trimmed off? -地
$\qquad$

5. Write Math Two angles form a straight angle. One angle measures $89^{\circ}$. What is the measure of the other angle? Explain.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
6. H.O.I. Pose a Problem Look back at Problem 5. Write a similar problem about two angles that form a right angle.
$\qquad$
7. Sam paid $\$ 20$ for two t-shirts. The price of each $t$-shirt was a multiple of 5 . What are the possible prices of the $t$-shirts?
$\qquad$
8. Zayna has 3 boxes with 15 art books in each box. She has 2 bags with 11 math books in each bag. If she gives 30 books away, how many art and math books does she have now?
9. M.O.T. What's the Question? It measures greater than $0^{\circ}$ and less than $90^{\circ}$.
10. Test Prep What is the unknown angle measure?
(A) $22^{\circ}$
(B) $68^{\circ}$
(C) $90^{\circ}$
(D) $158^{\circ}$


Act It Out

Draw a Diagram
Find a Pattern
Make a Table or List Solve a Simpler Problem

Name $\qquad$

## Chapter Review/Test

## Vocabulary

Choose the best term from the box.

1. The size of an angle can be measured using a tool called a $\qquad$ (p. 425)
2. $\qquad$ is the direction in which the hands of a clock move. (p. 418)

## Concepts and Skills

Tell what fraction of the circle the shaded angle represents.
3.


## Vocabulary

## clockwise

 counterclockwise4. 


$\qquad$

Use a protractor to draw the angle.
6. $68^{\circ}$
7. $145^{\circ}$
5.

8. Use a protractor to find the measure of each angle. Label each angle with its measure. Write the sum of the angle measures as an equation.


Fill in the bubble completely to show your answer.
9. Which describes the turn the angle on the circle shows?

(A) $90^{\circ}$ clockwise
(B) $90^{\circ}$ counterclockwise
(C) $180^{\circ}$ clockwise
(D) $180^{\circ}$ counterclockwise
10. Which best describes the $\mathrm{m} \angle R S T$ ? Use a protractor to help you.

(A) acute; $48^{\circ}$
(B) obtuse; $48^{\circ}$
(C) obtuse; $132^{\circ}$
(D) obtuse; $148^{\circ}$
11. The pocket watch was invented in 1524. The time is 6 P.M. After 1 hour, how many degrees does the minute hand turn?

(A) $45^{\circ}$
(C) $180^{\circ}$
(B) $90^{\circ}$
(D) $360^{\circ}$

Name

Fill in the bubble completely to show your answer.
12. What is the unknown angle measure?

(A) $25^{\circ}$
(B) $115^{\circ}$
(C) $125^{\circ}$
(D) $180^{\circ}$
13. Which equation can you use to find the $\mathrm{m} \angle W R T$ ?

(A) $84^{\circ}+69^{\circ}=$
(B) $84^{\circ}-69^{\circ}=$
(C) $84^{\circ} \times 69^{\circ}=$
(D) $180^{\circ}-153^{\circ}=$
14. If an angle measures $100^{\circ}$, through what fraction of a circle does the angle turn?
(A) $\frac{1}{100}$
(B) $\frac{1}{4}$
(C) $\frac{100}{360}$
(D) $\frac{1}{2}$

## Constructed Response

15. How many right angles are there in an angle that turns through $360^{\circ}$ ? Explain how you know.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
16. Soccer practice began at $2: 30$ P.M. and stopped at 3:00 P.M. because of rain. During this time, through what fraction of a circle did the minute hand turn? How many degrees did the minute hand turn? Explain.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Performance Task

17. Charlotte divided a whole pizza into 4 pieces. One piece formed a straight angle. One piece formed a right angle. Two pieces formed acute angles with the same degree measure.
A Draw angles to represent the 4 pieces.

(B) Label each angle with its degree measure.

C Label each angle as a fraction of a circle.
(D) Write an equation that represents the degree measure of the whole pizza as the sum of the measures of its parts.

